# Association piston — cylinder<sup>1</sup>)

Group number		0	1	2
Standard dimension	Piston dia Cylinder dia		85.980–85.992 86.009–86.018	
1st repair stage + 0.5	Piston dia Cylinder dia		86.480-86.492 86.509-86.518	
2nd repair stage + 1.0	Piston dia Cylinder dia		86.980-86.992 87.009-87.018	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{1}}$  ) The smallest measured cylinder dia and the largest measured piston dia are decisive for association.

# Piston code number and piston distance

Engine		Compression ratio $\epsilon:1$		Piston code number	Distance between piston crowi and cylinder crankcase parting surface	
Normal co	ompression					
110.921	110.983		Std	37, 40, 50, 60, 64, 69	Standback 0.20 to 0.70	
110.922	110.984			80 <sup>1</sup> ), 83, 86 <sup>1</sup> ), 89		
110.923	110.985					
110.924	110.986	$9.0 \pm 0.2$	+ 0.5	38, 41, 51, 67, 70,		
110.981	110.987	$8.7 \pm 0.2$		84, 90	0	
110.982					Standback 1.0 to 1.50	
			+ 1.0	39, 42, 52, 68, 71,		
				85, 91 ————————————————————————————————————		
Low comp	pression					
110.921	110.984		C+-l	00 54 70 75	0.25 standout up to	
110.922	110.985		Std 28, 54, 72, 75		0.15 standback	
110.923	110.991	8.0-0.4				
110.924			+ 0.5	29, 55, 73, 76	Standback 0.55 to 0.95	
110.931	110.992		+ 1.0	30, 56, 74, 77		
110.932	110.993			00,00,, //		

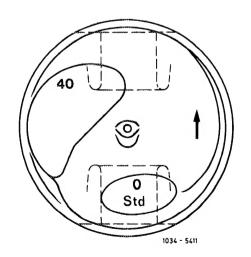
<sup>1)</sup> Installed in engine 110.984, 110.985, 110.986 and 110.987 as standard equipment. Not available as repair stages. Use only together with piston of same piston code number.

Test values		New (Installation toleran	Wear limit ace)	
Piston clearance		0.016 to 0.040	0.08	
Difference in weight of pistons	in one engine	4 g	10 g	
Piston pin dia.		22.996 to 23.00		
Piston pin clearance	in conrod bushing	0.007 to 0.017		
	in piston	0.002 to 0.011		
	groove 1	0.30 to 0.45	1.0	
Piston ring gap	groove 2	0.30 to 0.45	0.8	
	groove 3	0.25 to 0.40	0.8	
	groove 1	0.05 to 0.08	0.15	
Piston ring clearance	groove 2	0.03 to 0.06	0.08	
	groove 3	0.01 to 0.04	0.08	
Tightening torque				
Connecting rod nuts		torque pressure	40–50 Nm	
		torque angle	90100 <sup>o</sup>	
Special tools				
Piston ring pliers	1024 458		000 589 51 37 00	
Piston ring compressor		1001 0710	000 589 04 14 00	

## Note

The piston version (std, + 0.5 or + 1.0), the group number (0, 1 or 2), the piston code (e.g. 40) and an arrow for forward direction are stamped in the piston crown.

The group number is also stamped in the crankcase mating surface.



The group number of pistons (e.g. 1) is the same as the group number of cylinder bores (production).

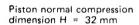
This will guarantee the specified piston clearance.

When repairing, the cylinder bores should be honed according to the sizes of the existing pistons plus the piston clearance.

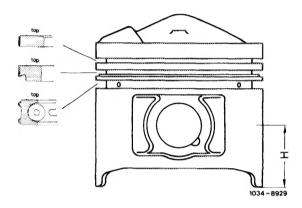
Pistons and piston pins are matched.

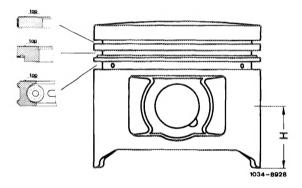
The measuring point for nominal diameter of pistons is offset by 90° in relation to piston pin axis at level H.

On used pistons the measured value does not necessarily correspond with nominal diameter of a new piston, since piston in range of measuring point and at shaft tab may "recede" already after a short operating period, that is, the nominal diameter may become smaller by up to 0.070 mm.



If used pistons are used again, make sure that the oil drain bores in 3rd piston ring groove are cleaned.





Piston low compression and USA version dimension H = 32 mm

# Removal

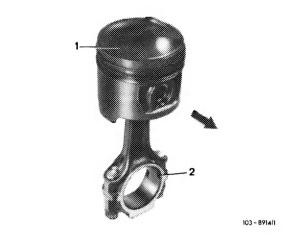
- 1 Take out connecting rod with piston from above.
- 2 Remove piston pin circlips and press out piston pin.
- 3 Repair and square connecting rod (03-313).

#### Installation

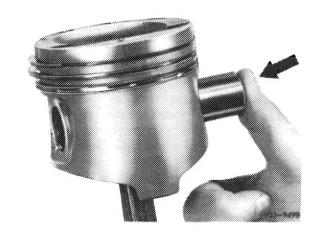
4 Place piston on connecting rod that arrow (1) faces in forward direction and circlip grooves (2) in connecting rod face to left side of engine (intake manifold).

## Attention!

Don't heat piston.



5 Press in piston pin coated with engine oil by hand.

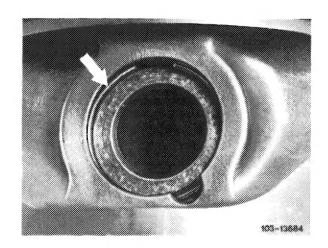


6 Insert piston pin circlips in grooves.

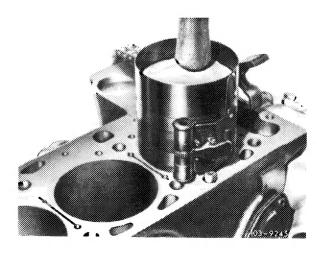
When installing used pistons, check piston ring gaps and clearances.

Check piston rings for easy movement.

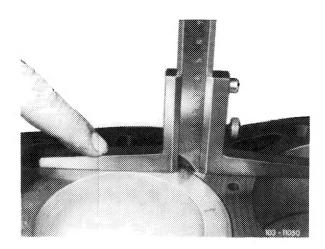
7 Lubricate cleaned cylinder bores, conrod bearing journals, conrod bearing shells and the pistons.



- 8 Distribute gaps of piston rings around piston circumference evenly.
- 9 Install piston ring compressor and guide in piston with arrow facing forward.



- 10 Place connecting rod bearing caps with code numbers facing each other on connecting rod and tighten connecting nuts to 40-50 Nm initial torque and to 90-1000 angle of rotation torque.
- 11 Turn crankshaft and check clearance between piston pin boss and connecting rod.
- 12 Measure distance between piston crown and crankcase mating surface when piston is positioned at TDC (see chart).



## Pistons and connecting rods

- Plain compression ring
   Oil scraper ring
   Bevelled compression ring with hose lined spring
- Piston
- 5 Piston, USA and low compression
- 6 Circlip
  7 Connecting rod with conrod cap
  8 Conrod bolt
- 9 Nut
- 10 Conrod bushing 11 Conrod pin
- 12 Conrod bearing upper half with oil bore 13 Conrod bearing lower half

